1 **ENROLLED** 2 H. B. 2607 3 4 (By Delegates Sponaugle and Shott) 5 [Passed March 14, 2015; in effect ninety days from passage.] 6 7 8 9 10 AN ACT to amend and reenact §61-5-17 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, relating to the 11 violation of interfering with emergency services communications and clarifying penalties 12 under subdivision (n) of this section for the violation. 13 Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia: 14 That §61-5-17 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted 15 to read as follows: 16 ARTICLE 5. CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC JUSTICE. 17 §61-5-17. Obstructing officer; fleeing from officer; making false statements to officer; 18 interfering with emergency communications; penalties; definitions. 19 (a) A person who by threats, menaces, acts or otherwise forcibly or illegally hinders or obstructs or attempts to hinder or obstruct a law-enforcement officer, probation officer or parole officer acting in his or her official capacity is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, 22 shall be fined not less than \$50 nor more than \$500 or confined in jail not more than one year, or

- 1 both fined and confined.
- 2 (b) A person who intentionally disarms or attempts to disarm a law-enforcement officer,
- 3 correctional officer, probation officer or parole officer, acting in his or her official capacity, is guilty
- 4 of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in a state correctional facility not less
- 5 than one nor more than five years.

who is not a certified law-enforcement officer.

15

- (c) A person who, with intent to impede or obstruct a law-enforcement officer in the conduct
  of an investigation of a felony offense, knowingly and willfully makes a materially false statement
  significantly of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$25 nor more
  than \$200, or confined in jail for five days, or both fined and confined. The provisions of this
  section do not apply to statements made by a spouse, parent, stepparent, grandparent, sibling, half
  sibling, child, stepchild or grandchild, whether related by blood or marriage, of the person under
  investigation. Statements made by the person under investigation may not be used as the basis for
  prosecution under this subsection. For purposes of this subsection, "law-enforcement officer" does
  not include a watchman, a member of the West Virginia State Police or college security personnel
- (d) A person who intentionally flees or attempts to flee by any means other than the use of a vehicle from a law-enforcement officer, probation officer or parole officer acting in his or her official capacity who is attempting to make a lawful arrest of the person, and who knows or reasonably believes that the officer is attempting to arrest him or her, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$50 nor more than \$500 or confined in jail not more than one year, or both fined and confined.
- 22 (e) A person who intentionally flees or attempts to flee in a vehicle from a law-enforcement

- 1 officer, probation officer or parole officer acting in his or her official capacity after the officer has
- 2 given a clear visual or audible signal directing the person to stop is guilty of a misdemeanor and,
- 3 upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$500 nor more than \$1,000 and shall be
- 4 confined in 1 jail not more than one year.
- 5 (f) A person who intentionally flees or attempts to flee in a vehicle from a law-enforcement
- 6 officer, probation officer or parole officer acting in his or her official capacity after the officer has
- 7 given a clear visual or audible signal directing the person to stop, and who operates the vehicle in
- 8 a manner showing a reckless indifference to the safety of others, is guilty of a felony and, upon
- 9 conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$2,000 and shall be imprisoned
- 10 in a state correctional facility not less than one nor more than five years.
- 11 (g) A person who intentionally flees or attempts to flee in a vehicle from a law-enforcement
  - 2 officer, probation officer or parole officer acting in his or her official capacity after the officer has
- 3 given a clear visual or audible signal directing the person to stop, and who causes damage to the real
- 4 or personal property of a person during or resulting from his or her flight, is guilty of a misdemeanor
- 15 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$3,000 and shall be
- 16 confined in jail for not less than six months nor more than one year.
- 17 (h) A person who intentionally flees or attempts to flee in a vehicle from a law-enforcement
- 18 officer, probation officer or parole officer acting in his or her official capacity after the officer has
- 9 given a clear visual or audible signal directing the person to stop, and who causes bodily injury to
- 20 a person during or resulting from his or her flight, is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof,
- 21 shall be imprisoned in a state correctional facility not less than three nor more than ten years.
- 22 (i) A person who intentionally flees or attempts to flee in a vehicle from a law-enforcement

- 1 officer, probation officer or parole officer acting in his or her official capacity after the officer has
- 2 given a clear visual or audible signal directing the person to stop, and who causes death to a person
- 3 during or resulting from his or her flight, is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be
- 4 imprisoned in a state correctional facility for not less than five nor more than fifteen years. A person
- 5 imprisoned pursuant to this subsection is not eligible for parole prior to having served a minimum
- 6 of three years of his or her sentence or the minimum period required by section thirteen, article
- 7 twelve, chapter sixty-two of this code, whichever is greater.
- 8 (j) A person who intentionally flees or attempts to flee in a vehicle from a law-enforcement
- officer, probation officer or parole officer acting in his or her official capacity after the officer has
- 10 given a clear visual or audible signal directing the person to stop, and who is under the influence of
- 1 alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be
- 12 imprisoned in a state correctional facility not less than three nor more than ten years.
- 13 (k) For purposes of this section, the term "vehicle" includes any motor vehicle, motorcycle,
- 4 motorboat, all-terrain vehicle or snowmobile as those terms are defined in section one, article one,
- 15 chapter seventeen-a of this code, whether or not it is being operated on a public highway at the time
- 16 and whether or not it is licensed by the state.
- 17 (1) For purposes of this section, the terms "flee", "fleeing" and "flight" do not include a
- 18 person's reasonable attempt to travel to a safe place, allowing the pursuing law-enforcement officer
- 19 to maintain appropriate surveillance, for the purpose of complying with the officer's direction to
- 20 stop.
- 21 (m) The revisions to subsections (e), (f), (g) and (h) of this section enacted during the regular
- 22 session of the 2010 regular legislative session shall be known as the Jerry Alan Jones Act.

- 1 (n) (1) No person, with the intent to purposefully deprive another person of emergency
- 2 services, may interfere with or prevent another person from making an emergency communication,
- 3 which a reasonable person would consider necessary under the circumstances, to law-enforcement,
- 4 fire, or emergency medical service personnel.
- 5 (2) For the purpose of this subsection, the term "interfere with or prevent" includes, but is
- 6 not limited to, seizing, concealing, obstructing access to or disabling or disconnecting a telephone,
- telephone line or equipment or other communication device.
- 8 (3) For the purpose of this subsection, the term "emergency communication" means
- 9 communication to transmit warnings or other information pertaining to a crime, fire, accident, power
- 10 outage, disaster or risk of injury or damage to a person or property.
- 11 (4) A person who violates this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction
- 12 thereof, shall be confined in jail for a period of not less than one day nor more than one year or shall
- 13 be fined not less than \$250 nor more than \$2,000, or both fined and confined.
- 14 (5) A person who is convicted of a second offense under this subsection is guilty of a
- 5 misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in jail for not less than three months
- 16 nor more than one year or fined not less than \$500 nor more than \$3,000, or both fined and confined.
- 17 (6) A person who is convicted of a third or subsequent offense under this subsection is guilty
- 18 of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in jail not less than six months nor
- 19 more than one year or fined not less than \$500 nor more than \$4,000, or both fined and confined.
- 20 (7) In determining the number of prior convictions for purposes of imposing punishment
- 21 under this subsection, the court shall disregard all such prior convictions occurring more than ten
- 22 years prior to the offense in question.